the sufferer to "bear it as long as he could," on the ground that it would " be the making of the pup."

ALMOST A PANIC IN DALY'S THEATRE. A SMOKING CHIMNEY AND INDISCREET OFFICERS-

NO ONE INJURED.

In the last act of "A Night in Venice," at Daly's Theatre, last night, while the ballet girls were dancing their prettiest, they were suddenly bewildered by seeing the spectators rise in their seats and start quickly for the doors. Four policemen had entered the theatre and given orders to have it emptied. No questions were asked and shortly after the spectators followed the stage people in a wild panic.

The cause of this sudden stoppage of the play was a burning chinney on the building Nos. 1.223 and 1,225 Broadway, which adjoins the main entrance to the theatre on the north. On the north No. 1,225 is an entrance to the gallery of the theatre. At about 10:40 p. m. Policenan Wiegand saw heavy smoke float from the top of the building across Broadway, and running to Sixth-ave, and Thirtieth-st. he sounded

to Sixth-ave, and Thirtieth-st. he sounded an alarm. The engines were quickly on the spot and the Chief sounded a third alarm. Wiegand, accompanied by three policemen went quickly to the theatre, and marching down the aisles advised the people to go out.
Captain C. F. Porter, the doorman of the Bijon Opera House, said to a Tannune reporter:

"I was standing at Thirty-first-st, and Broadway when I saw the people coming out of the theatre. I ran into the lobby and told them to go back, as there was no fire and no danger; and I offered to go down to the orchestra myself and stand there till the play was finished. Most of them went back, and remained until the play was over."

of them went back, and remained until the play was over."

Townsend Percy, the playwright and theatrical manager, said that he was at Fourteenth-st. when the fire broke out, and ran up as quickly as possible. When he got to the theatre, he saw some of the ballet girls come out of the stage door and acting as if they were much frightened. There was no damage to the building. The ground floor of Nos. 1,223 and No. 1,225 is occupied by W. H. Wallace as a restaurant. It has been known by the name of "The Stuffed Club Restaurant."

If was reported that two women fainted, and that

"The Stuffed Club Restaurant."
It was reported that two women fainted, and that one of the actors addressed the audience and cought to allay their fears, but no one was hurt.

MRS. LANGTRY'S EXIT.

Mrs. Langtry will end her engagement at Niblo's Garden to-night, and she will start at once for California, playing in twelve cities by the way. and appearing in San Francisco on the 16th of June. Her season has been steadily and abundantly successful. Her recent performance here of Galatea has displayed a fine intelligence and a remarkable growth in self-command and in the use and control of histrionic means. Mrs. Langtry is a good actress-conscientions, earnest, and possessed of charm as well as talent. Her deficiencies obvious enough-are in depth, power and fluish; bu with each successive season, she witt no doubt, increase in fervor and in skill. Her aptitude for comedy was conspicuously shown in her performance of Juliana; and her excellence in ingentic parts could not be questioned, after certain scenes of Lady Ormand and Galatea.

Mrs. Langtry, furthermore, has wisely chosen the policy of presenting strong plays, with a good company and good scenery. Her stage-manager, Mr. Coe, is one of the most scenery. Her stage-manager, Mr. Coe, is one of the most thoroughly experienced men in his profession, having been long associated with the London Haymarket Theatre; and at the head of her colopany is Mr. Fred Everill, one of the best "old men" on the stage, and an actor of sound and brilliant talent in several distinct hinse of his article finess Sir Oliver Surface that we have seen for many years, and qualified in a range of parts extending from Polonium to Masier Walter, and from Mr. Hardenskie to Chrysos. Miss Katharine Rogers, Mr. Pigott, and other accompany Mrs. Langtry, and the etiles that she may visit will see a well-balanced organization and good performances. It is purposed to make a special teature of "The Hunchback."—Mr. Everill cracting Masier Walter, and Mrs. Langtry Julio. The present is the lare well of this actress to New York, and it is likely thu she will not again visit America for several years. Against many obstacle, she has ma le her way to a certain professional success, and the renormalism of it, at this time, seems simple justice to talent and energy too often misprized.

THEATRICAL MISCELLANY. The burlesque of "Blue Beard" is sue

The course opera of "Falka" prospers at the Casino. The opera of "A Night in Venice" is the attraction at Daly's Theatre. "Lady Clare," acted by Mr. Wallack's company, may seen at the l'cople's Theatre.

Do seen at the People's Theatre.

Tony Pastor and his troupe will appear at the Grand
Opera House on May 19th. "May Blossom" has proved a most remunerative success at the Madison Square Theatre. A new piece, called "The Kine and the Gray," will be produced at Niblo's on May 19th.

"A Random Shot" is still offered to the public attention at the New-York Comedy Theatre. Mr. Morrie's drama of "The Pulse of New-York" is the current attraction at the Star Theatre.

MR. MAPLESON TO SAIL TO-DAY.

The meeting of directors of the Academy of Music which was to be held vesterday afternson at W. B. | earth but Dinsmore's office was indefinitely postponed. "Recent events in Wall Street and its neighborhood," said one of the directors, "drove all ideas on opera matters out of now the whole country is very safe. Men using money, most of our heads. I think in fact that some of the directors do not yearn for meetings of any description. except those they are obliged to attend. We have simply

quite satisfied, for we are at no loss as ho what to do with it."

Mr. Mapleson satis this morning for Europe on the City of Berlin. His son, Charles Mapleson, and Madame Cavalanzi, soil on the same steamer.

of existing periodical publications in all tonques on the globe to be about 40,000, more than one half of which, as will be asen by the foregoing, are in the English language, Properly enough has be called it the "giant language of civilization."

# OBITUARY.

DR. LEVI W. FLAGG.

Dr. Levi W. Flagg died at his home in South Broadway, Yonkers, on Thursday. He was born in West Hartford, Conn., on February 14, 1817, and was gradu-Hartford, Conn., on February 14, 1817, and was grade-nted from Yale College in 1839. In 1844 he entered the office of Dr. Williard Parker, in this city, and attende lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He settled in Yonkers in 1847, and the next year married Miss Charlotte Whitman, of West Hartford, who survives him with five children. The fourerla will be held on Mon-day at 3 p. m. in the First Presoyterian Church.

OBITUARY NOTES.

George Henry Burritt, age 52, died at his home, No. 31 Sidney-place, Brooklyn, Thursday, from congestion of the brain. He was a merchant of No. 32 Burling-slip. The funeral will be at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Clinton and Montague sts., Brocklyn, tow. at 1:30 p m. Jacob Glazier, a prominent member of the Masonic

order in New-Jersey, and of the Grand Army of the Re-public, died on Wednesday at Orange, age thirty-eight. MUST HAVE SOME MORE TARIFF.

The Washington Capital has reliable informa-

ton that—
"Eandall and Dorsheimer do not speak to each other.
"Eandall and Hewith do not speak to each other.
"Randall and Hount do not speak.
"Randall and Cobb do not speak.
"Hewitt and Beimont do not speak.
"Cox and Dorsheimer do not speak.
"Cox and Beimont do not speak.
"Cox and Beimont do not speak.
"Cox and Beimont do not speak."
"Dorsheimer and Waldo Hutehins do not speak." Hewitt's little tariff bill is a necessity of this and condition of things among these Democrats. It is needed to restore fraternal relations and put the party bassoons at sancert pitch.

(Continued from Second Page.) ment yet and was not prepared to make public any statement of his assets and liabilities.

SAGES OFFICE BESIEGED. SETTLING HIS CONTRACTS SLOWLY.

THE CROWD BOISTEROUS AND UNRULY-DIS-CUSSION BY THE GOVERNING COMMITTEE. Russell Sage continued yesterday to accept stocks

Thursday afternoon, again visited Mr. Sage yesterday. He was promptly admitted, and afterward the boys greeted every disappointed visitor with the remark, "Oh, say you're Dos Passos."

While the crowd was standing in the hallway a waiter carrying a lunch-tray, passed through it to one of the other offices in the building. Before he reached his destination the tray was not so burdensome as it apparently had been.

After the close of business Mr. Sage said: After the close of business Mr. Sage said:

I am doing all I can do, but the conduct of some of these men is outrageous. I have three extra cier's in the of fice, but I cannot receive stocks as fast as these people wish. I have paid out a large amount of money to-day and about seven-eighths of the privileges have been settled. The most of the members of the Stock Exchange, I guess, have been paid. Some of them sold out their stocks this morning, but I think they are sorry now; their privileges are not worth as much as they were last night. This firry is all over and prices will be higher all around. There will be no more trouble in the market.

In face of Mr. Sage's chearfulness, one of his

In face of Mr. Sage's cheerfulness, one of his privileges on 500 shares of stock which showed a profit of \$4,000 was sold for \$2,000 on the street. It was a not uncommon opinion among brokers that the delay in taking stocks was for the purpose of

It was a not uncommon opinion among brokers has the delay in taking stocks was for the purpose of making a "shave." Many of the settlements made yesterday were at prices from 1 to 3 per cent above the market. One or two of Mr. Sage's clerks are reported to have made handsome perquisites by buying up the privileges on these terms. One of them said: "Why shouldn't 1? The privilege business will be bad for a few months and I want something out of this."

One of the stories ou the street was that a broker having a "put" on Lake Shore called at the office carly in the day. There was a profit of \$1,500 on it and Mr. Sage offered a check for \$1,900. This the broker refused and returned to the Exchange. He had been there only a few minutes when the stock made its heavy break. Rushing back to Mr. Sage's office he settled the privilege for \$2,500.

"These privileges are a peculiar debt," a veteran broker said yesterday, "but Mr. Sage is simply compromising his debts, for honorably they are contracts. Perhaps he would not ask a compromise on a grocery bill, but I can see little difference."

The Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange at its meeting yesterlay spent hearly two hours in discussing the subject. Several resolutions were onered and complaints of members of the board heard. It was proposed to saspend Mr. Sage, to constrain him and to amend the rules so that the contracts might be closed under the rule. The dis-cussion was so long and animated that to be sure of their dinners the governors laid the matter on

## MR. BEECHER TALKS.

HIS VIEWS OF THE FINANCIAL STORM. A SETTLING UP THAT HAD TO COME-SYMPATHY

FOR GENERAL GRANT AND MR. SENEY. Mr. Beecher talked in Plymouth lecture-room last evening of the lessons of the recent disturbance in Wall Street, and referred particularly to General Grant and Mr. Seney. He said that such disasters as those of the past week were the necessary result of a system of credit, and credit was the poor man's tool. A panic was nothing on things. "About once in ten years," continued Mr. Beecher, "there is a settling up in the credit system. Just called stocks and bonds, or the forms of it are troubled a little. But there can be no great suffer ing when there is so much property that it can't be made up our minds to let things go. Mr. Mapleson is bound by his contract to give me studian opera meat season. How he manages to get his commany together is no affair of ours. If he can't do it he must throw the Academy back on our hands, and I assure you we shall he quite satisfied, for we are at no loss as to what to do this it.

Mr. Mapleson sails this morning for Europe on the City of the people is no measure for the industry of capital. It stands on a higher plane. with his was a second to the second s prosperity, to carry out again his generous disposi

## COMMENT AND INCIDENT.

CLEARING HOUSE CERTIFICATES.

The work of the Loan Committee of the Clearing House was not abated yesterday. Further applications were received from the banks for loan certificates, and the committee was kept busy examining and sifting out securities offered as deposits. The total amount of certificates issued was about \$6,000,000, making \$10,000,000 put out since the Clearing House Association resorted to this measure to guarantee the position of its solvent members.

Much interest was felt as to the extent to which the savings banks had been protecting themselves against the possibility of a run. This was reflected in the redemption of certificates of deposit issued by the Sub-Treasury. The banks withdrew legal-tenders on the presentation of these certificates to tenders on the presentation of these certificates to the amount of \$540,000 on Thursday, and \$720,000 yesterday, making a total of \$1,200,000. The bond redemptions under Secretary Folger's recent order were insignificant in amount.

THE CLEARING HOUSE PLAN CRITICISED. PRESDENT THOMPSON THINKS THAT IT WILL FORCE MONEY TO A PREMIUM.

John Thompson, the president of the Chase National Bank, said last evening to a Thibune reporter:
"I think that the cyclone is over and that this panic. National Bank, said last evening to a financial stream of a street car. Con"I think that the cyclone is over and that this panic, which was a stock, and not a financial or commercial panic, is at an end. There may be a few houses which have been so shaken that they will not recover; but we have probably seen the last important failure. I do not think that there will be any further stringency in the money market. I see but one

A GREAT GAIN IN CONFIDENCE possibility of a renewal of these troubles, and that is concern if they would permit me." that there may be some excitement among depositors in savings banks. If this distrust can be overcome, there is no chance for any more trouble." "What do you think of the assertion that the refusal of institutions to lend money to weather the panic will result in ruining their

customers F' "I think there is no point in it. The banks are timid, and every banker felt bound to guard his points and take care of his institutions. This morning the Clearing House plan of paying debts had not become available; partly because the banks feit averse to going to the Clearing House for aid, and partly because they did not

Russell Sage continued yesterday to accept stocks "put" to him on privileges, but with so great delay that brokers were no less exasperated than on the previous day. He had promised one of the officers of the Stock Exchange the might before that he would settle these contracts as rapidly as possible, and yesterday he assured the same officer that there would be no unnecessary delay. The same scenes were reenacted around his office that had been witnessed the two preceding days. A large-crowd of messenger boys and brokers besieged the entrance from early in the morning until 1:45 p. m., the hour when, according to the privileges, he ceases to receive or deliver stocks.

In spite of three policemen, who stood at the door, the crowd was more boisterous than before. The glass in one of the doors of the main office was broken and the walksof the corridor into which the office opens were defaced and injured. The crowd was composed mainly of office boys and elerks. "Put and call" brokers were plentiful, however, and now and then a member of the Stock Exchange attempted to gain entrance to the office. The brokers were generally accompanied by their lawyers, but they rarely succeeded any better than the messengers. One well-known lawyer, who settled a few privileges on Thursday afternoon, again visited Mr. Sage yesterday. He was promutly admitted and afterward

SILVER COINAGE AND THE FLURRY. Senator Hill, of Colorado, who was seen at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last evening by a TRIBUNE reporter, and asked what he thought would be the effect of the financial flurry on the country at large, replied : "That is a pretty hard question to answer, because so

may things must be considered in forming a judgment,

The first thing I notice is that the country seems to be in a sound condition. Not withstanding that there has been considerable shrinkage in the National bank-note circulation, it has been more than counteracted by the coinage of silver and the issuance of silver certificates. Of the total coinage of silver, amounting to nearly \$170,000,000. over \$130,000,000 is in actual circulation, either in the metallic or the certificate form. So far as I know, the silver certificates are as acceptable to the people of the country as greenbacks or gold certificates I am inclined to say another thing. The most important financial problem before the country to day is as to the best means of preserving bi-metallism. It is a well-known c among financiers that very nearly the total produc tion of gold is absorbed in the manufactures. Scarcely any of it can be used to add to the monetary circulation of the world. We are in a state of great uncertainty as to what Congress will do in regard to the National banknote circulation. The Senate passed the bill to permit them to laste to the full extent of bonds held to secure circulation, but the House does not seem inclined to circulation, but the Herise does not seem inclined to take any action. In view of that fact it is a very inopportune time to interfere with the coinage of silver, or with its use as a money metal. The best way to sustain bi-netalism is to continue the coinage of alver. A suspension by us of the coinage of silver, even if only temporarily, would lead to a suspension in India, where the production is about equal to America. In that even the production is about equal to America. In that even the entire production of bidlion would be thrown upon the market as a commodity. Under sach a condition the price of silver bullion would sinfer a heavy decline—so heavy us to make it innowable to malutain the double standard. On the other hand, by continuing the coinage at the rate now promessing we are incurring no risk certainly for many years to come of susplanting our gold money by the use of silver. We are keeping the whole matter, too, in a condition where al some fature day it may be comparatively easy to secure an international surrement, under which all the leading nations will consider at a uniform ratio. There was ground for alarm as to the silver coinage when the Consider have was producing such enough when the Consider have was producing such enough of the present situation, because with plenty of money in the country it is easier to prevent any disastrous results from the financial disturbance of the present week. Any distress which may arise from a break in the prices of stock, owing to speculation, will be merely temporary. I presume that Congress will be asked to do semething, but I really do not see what it can do, except to provide for extending the National banjuote circulation, so that the calling in of bonds will not create a contraction. The House is no temper to take any action of any kind. The free-traile element is very any and sore over its delear, and will carry its light to the National Convention, I think." take any action. In view of that fact

any action of any kind. The free-trade element is very angry and sore over its defeat, and will carry its fight to the National Convention, I think."

FAVORABLE TALK AT THE HOTELS. The assemblage at the Windsor Hotel last absent. Mr. Cammack came out of this retirement, Mr. Kneeland mingled with the throng: Mr. Woerishofter dropped in for a few moments and even Mr. Gould contescended to stop as he was passing the door. The learned, but its resumption of business is known to be inconscal drift of talk was favorable ment in the financial situation. A few hardy bears insisted that it would not last for more than sixty or ninety days; but they could not deny the present prospect of an The bulls speke of big developments to morrow, but frave no definite shape to their waispers. The talk about Russell sage was contrary. On the one hand it was asserted that he was completely used up, and on the other that he was shrewdly making up his losses in stocks by logans in the excited money market at one per cent a day. For legan brokers spoke cheourse ingly of the rush of orders by calle for the purchase of stocks. It was said by then that they were never before so crowded with this line of business. There were numerous other favorable points disclosed and on the whole, little that was unfavorable could be learned.

At the Fifth Avenue the manufacturers and business men from outside points were expressing gratification that the panic was over and that the situation was mending.

NO FAILURES IN OTHER EXCHANGES. For a part of yesterday morning the demoraditation on the petroleum speculation was even greater than on Thursday. The two Exchanges were crowded with members, but the majority of them were onlookers with memoers, but the majority from the care-try of money, and realizing that it was virtually impossible to obtain loans sufficient to carry the oil, most of the brokers stood belpless and dazed as, on small sales, quotations shrank below even the lowest prices of Thursday. The market opened at 74 cents, against 731g cents Thursday evening, rallied to 75 cents and then broke rapidly to 65 cents a barrel. The decline at these figures showed a loss of about 30 cents in three days. Trading came almost to a standstill, and three days. Trading came almost to a standstill, and only by the carrying out of the means of relief adopted on Thursday were the brokers gnabled to effect their clearances. Is the afternoon, as he failures were announced in the stook Exchange, operators began to recover confidence and the market advanced to 78½377½ cents. No failures in the oil trade were announced here. The explanation generally given of the remarkable absence of failures on such a decline as that of 30 cents is that a general postponement of actual liquidation of accounts has tacitly been acreed upon by the large brokers. One result of the developments this week was the action taken by the governors of the two Exchanges to stop business at 3 p. m. Heretofore the Exchanges have kept open until 4 p. m.; but the present crisis has demonstrated the unwisdom of permitting dealings after the hour when hanking facilities are not obtainable. Although limited to Juno-f. it is the general belief that this action will be made permanent. The feeling among brokers at the close of the day was one of more confidence in the future.

The market was much firmer at the Cotton Exchange yesterday, and confidence seemed to be fully restored. On account of the searcity of ready money the May market fell off two points. June closed at the same figure as it did on Thursday. There was an advance of two points on all the other months.

At the Produce Exchange the market was feverish but it closed in a much better condition than it did on Taursday. In the morning wheat fell off 1½ cents but regained the loss subsequently and closed I cent in advance. Oats fell from % cent to 1½ cents at the opening, but railled and closed with a slight advance. The fluctuations in corn were the same as those in oats. Trace for export was considerably checked by the decline in exchange. only by the carrying out of the means of relief

NO FEARS WHILE THE WEST IS SOUND. Emery A. Storrs, of Chicago, has been in Wall Street almost constantly for three days. He was just about starting for home on Tuesday, when telegrams received from clients in Chicago advised him to remain

here to watch their interests. He said yesterday:

We are on the ranged edges of the cyclone now. Shocks are still going down, but this has been a stock panic. Produce and provisious are the things to watch. You can bet on one thing, and that is that the Chicago banks are solid. They are sharp fellows out there. They have seen this thing coming for some time, and governed themselves accordingly. The New-York people used to talk about owning half of Chicago, but that day has gone by. Why, if the Chicago banks should all withdraw their New-York halances they would create a panic suce enough; and if the Western banks should all do that the bottom would all drop out. There is no danger of such a thing being done. But it is just as well for some people not to be too proud. here to watch their interests. He said yesterday:

CONFIDENT THAT TROUBLE IS OVER. A TRIBUNE reporter met ex-Congressman M. Southard, of Ohio, on crutches, on Breadway, yester. day morning, his crippled condition being the result of a strained knee received in jumping off a street car. Con-

OUTSIDE EFFECT AND COMMENT. SURPRISE AT THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT. THE DECLINE IN BONDS HARD TO ACCOUNT FOR-

PROPOSED RELIEF MEASURE. Washington, May 16 .- Some astonishment s manifested at the Treasury Department over the decline in Government securities. The decline is only ac-counted for on the theory that bonds were being rapidly converted into money, to be used in more profitable in estments. Secretary Folger said this afternoon that he had received no information from New-York on the sub-ject and was consequently unable to explain the decline The fact that only \$109,000 of called bonds were offered for redemption in New-York yesterday is regarded as an indication that the people who hold the bonds are not in great need of money at present. A conference was held at the Treasury Department this afternoon as to the best method of relieving the financial pressure in New-York. In view of the decline in 4 percent bonds it was proposed that the Secretary authorize the purchase of these bonds in the open market at the lowest figures obtainable. It was virtually decided to pursue this course in case the decline continues.

was virtually decided to pursue this course in case the decline continues.

The Controller of the Currency to-day received a telegram from Bank Examiner Serion, at New-York, saying that the Second National Bank paid out \$2,412,000 during the run on the 14th and 15th instants, and is considered to be in good condition. The examiner also reports everything going on smoothly at the Metropolitan National Bank and says that he considers the trouble over so far as the associated banks are concerned.

### OIL TUMBLES AT PITTSBURG.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] PITTSBURG, May 16 .- This was the most exciting day on the Oil Exchange since the opening of the famous Cherry Grove district in the summer of 1882. The lowest rates were reached since that time. The market opened at 77, but the news of the failure of the Newark Savings Bank and the decline in stocks demoralized things and it dropped rapidly, and by 11:30 reached 67. There were many sick-looking men both in the lobby and on the floor. The fact that oil bought on 10 cent margins was sold out the same day on a ten cent drop was enough to sicken anybody. Had the banks here attempted to unload, the market would have gone down to 50 cents before haif a million barrels could have been disposed of. One large bank of this city is said to have come to the rescue large bank of this city is said to have come to the rescue of its dealers when the situation looked the blackest. J. C. Fisher & Co., who are generally on the bear side, were conspicuous among those who cadeavored to save the market. The amouncement of heavy selling at other points was followed by the dumping of large blocks here by Watson and John Beal. The former's offer of 200,000 barrels at 67 was not taken. Not a few brokers hooted and suggosted that Watson be carried out. Owing to the excited condition of affairs a resolution was passed that there should be no no n recess, and the result was a continuous session. The market closed at 77%.

## THE EXCITEMENT IN TITUSVILLE.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE, I TITESVILLE, Penn., May 16 .- The excitement n the oil trade to-day far exceeded that of Wednesday or Thursday, though it was of shorter duration. Business closed last night in an unsatisfactory condition, and a keener feeling of tasecurity prevailed in the oil region. The rumors that several brokers were unable to pass the sheets through the Clearing House brought the panic more directly home to individuals. In addition, oil was eported as selling at 70 cents in New-York. The market sened with first sales at 76%, and for a time things were quiet, the bidding deciming slowly. Shortly after 11. news was received of the failure of the Newark Savings Bank, and there was a general rush to sell. The excite ment for an hour was intense. The price declined a cent it a time, instead of by points. In a few minutes sales were made as low as 65 cents. Then the reaction began, carrying prices to 79. A break followed, sucay closed firm at 77%. The usual hour between the orning and afternoon sessions was dispensed with, aving been arranged to close at 3 o'clock instead of 4. The

THE FAILURE OF E. A. HAWLEY & CO. BOSTON, May 16 .- The office of F. A. Hawley througed this afternoon with anxious creditors and customers, many of them women. The assignee was in evening had resumed something of its old-time size and charge. The curtains were all drawn, and the cierks were engaged in going through the accounts and getting learned, but its resumption of business is known to be impossible. Up to a few moments before the failure was announced the firm received deposits, and in one instance a customer, who on Wednesslay deposited \$2,000 as margin on certain securities being carried for him, put in \$1,000 more, by their request, within half an hour before

An attachment was granted in this city by Justice Donohue upon the property of Hawley & Co., in the suit of Stumeke & Goodwin, of Boston, who sue for a balance on deposit of \$10,892 20. A belief that the defending firm has property in the hands of Edward Sweet & Co., of this city, is asserted. A second attachment, on a claim of Henry Stumcke for \$1,464.99, was also granted.

A SMALL FAILURE AT BRADFORD.

Bradford, Penn., May 16 .- The Exchange Bank here, a private banking house of which Huff Brothers & Ege are proprietors, closed its doors to-day. It is a small concern. The two National banks were m erately run upon by country depositors, but every check presented was promptly paid, and business men conmed to deposit freely. No fallures occurred on 'Change. The market had a sharp advance this afternoon on the the market had a sharp sevence this afternoon of the receipt of reassuring reports from all quarters. The city authorities to-day examined the accounts of the suspended turns Vailey Bask, in which the city has \$60,000 deposited, and reported that its affairs were all right, the good assets being nearly double the Habilities. The suspended Exchange Bank premises to pay its depositors in full. The bank has \$10,000 of the State funds, deposited there by the Treasurer.

A FRIGHT IN NORFOLK, VIRGINIA. NORFOLK, May 16,-The failure of H. C. Hardy & Sons, of Wall Street, has created some uneast ness among the depositors of the Farmers' Bank of this city, the president of which is a son of H. C. Hardy, and a run was begun by the small depositors, who were promotly paid. The bank conducted business as usual, and its officers assert that it is in no wise affected by the New-York failure. At the close of business, confidence seemed entirely restored.

PRICES FLUCTUATING IN LONDON. LONDON, May 16 .- The opening prices on the Stock Exchange this morning were somewhat lower than ast night's closing prices. The slight relapse was caused by the advices of vesterday from New-York in regard to financial situation, and especially by the news of Fisk & Hatch's suspension. But shortly after the opening a general firmness began to appear. This was brought about by the "bears" seeking to cover their Erie is quoted at 161s, Erie second consols 68, Illinois central 126, Pennsylvania 57%, and New-York Central 1124. The closing price in the street for Lake Shore was 89. It had been down to 86.

After half-past 4 a strong downward tendency in American stock, especially in Lake shore prevailed. The street was crowded and there was much excitement. At 5:30 the prices were fluctuating. The closing prices, however, were better. There have been large remittances of Government courses to new for stocks soid here. of yer, were better. There have been large remittant I Government conpons to pay for stocks sold harge shipments of gold to New-York are being arrange. The Dudy Meres says: "The city regards the Americanic with a feeling of curfosity rather than of alarm, believed that the simultion will improve when the women'the con-

SCHOOLGIRLS FRIGHTENED BY A BLAST.

Miss Hough was teaching drawing to a class of fifteen girls, yesterday afternoon, in Grammar chool No. 54, at Tenth-ave, and One-hundred and-School No. 54, at Tenth-ave, and One-handred andfourth-st., when an explosion was heard, and
a rock weighing nearly 100 pounds, crashed
through the window. The wooden shutters, which
were closed and botted were smashed into kindling
wood, and the missile struck a desk in front of a
girl whose drawing book was torn to shreds. The
rock rebounded at right angles against the wall, and
fell to the floor with a terrine bang. With the large
projectile there also came a shower of snaller
stones, so that in a moment the floor was strewn
with rocks and aplintered wood and glass. There
was a pame among the girls, but Miss Hough did
not lose her presence of mind, and kept the children
from mjuring themselves in their wiid rush for the
door. Mabel Androvette, age fifteen, living at
Teuth-ave and One-hundred and-sixth-st. had her
face and neck badly cut, and an ugly gash in her and neck badly cut, and an ugly gash in her forehead.

The police discovered that the rock had come from the Boulevard, a block away, where cellars are being blasted with dynamite.

missing, and none of the injured have died Many of them have complicated spinal injuries, and the result cannot be foretold at present. In addition to the insurance mentioned in last night's dispatches there is \$2,500 in the Hanover Company on the botler and engine-house, which was only partially burned.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

BUTLER'S EXTRAORDINARY KINDNESS. OUT OF THE GOODNESS OF HIS REART HE WILL LET THE PEOPLE VOTE FOR HIM.

BOSTON, May 16.-General Butler has written

to Mr. Shively, of South Bend, Ind., the secretary of the National Anti-Monopoly Committee, as follows:

I have your letter of the 1st instant, which I found upon my table upon my return from an absence from the State. I am in this condition of mind: if there any portion of the people of this country desirious to vote for me for President I shall not oppose their doing so, and they may do it in any way they see fit, for it is their business to vote as they believe, and not mine to direct them. Therefore, while I do not deem it proper for me to take any part in putting my name before any body of men as a candidate for any office, I shall greatly appreciate any action of the people, or any portion of the people of the country, who think I am fit to serve them in any office. National Anti-Menopoly Committee, as follows:

MEETING OF THE NATIONAL UNION LEAGUE. PITTSBURG, May 16.-General James S. Negley, president of the National Union League, has called a meeting of the National council at the Palmer House, Chicago, on Monday, June 2, at 7 o'clock p. m. Addresses may be expected from distinguished members from all parts of the Union.

DAKOTA DEMOCRATS FOR THE OLD TICKET. PIERRE, Dak., May 16 .- The Democratic Territorial Convention elected F. M. Ziebach and a Mr. McCormack delegates to the National Convention, They are uninstructed, but are believed to be for Tilden and Hendricks. Resolutions were adopted favoring reve-me reform according to the Morrison bill. a correction of the evils of the present tariff system, civil service reform and a land bounty for soldiers; opposing sumptuary laws and favoring a currency of gold, silver and convertible nearer.

STILL CALLING ON TILDEN.

The Democratic politicians have availed emselves of the Wall Street excitement to make several governents which they hoped would be unobserved State Committee, of Ohio, has been here for two days for conferences with Mr. Tilden. On Thursday he was joined by ex-Senator William H. Barnun, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, who also went to see Mr. Tilden Mr. Paige returned to Washington yesterday afternoon, but Mr. Barnum was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night, without registering. Mr. Parge said before relast night, without registering. Mr. Parge said before re-turning to Washington that the nominee of the Demo-cratic party would undoubtedly be Mr. Tilden. Whan asked by a friend about Ohio, he said that the Democrats could carry it against any man except possibly Mr. Sher-man or Mr. Bishoe. Sherman would be the strongest of the two in the country, he thought. Mr. Parge will go to Ohio on Monday in order to attend at Columbus a meet-ing of the Democratic State Committee to call a meeting of the State Convention to select delegates to the Na-tional Convention. The probable date of the State Con-vention is June 17.

ARRANGING FOR A RATIFICATION MEETING. The German Republican Central Committee, of which A. J. Dittenhoefer is the chairman, that last evening at No. 385 Bowery. The Executive Committee was authorized, after considerable discussion, to call a mass meeting of the German citizens of New-York for the purpose of ratifying the nominations which shall be made by the Chicago Convention.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE ARTHUR MEETING The Committee of Arrangements for the Arthur mesting has selected President F. S. Winston, of Arthur meating has selected President P. S. Sinson, of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, to preside. The Cooper Union will be decorated and illuminated, and there will be music. Ex-Judge Pierreport has been added to the list of speakers.

GOING TO CHICAGO.

The following is the committee of twenty-five appointed from the Young Men's Republican Club to at-tend the Republican National Convention at Chicago; Joseph Pool, Mortimer C. Addoms, Douglas Campbell John F. Baker, Thomas F. Wentworth, Harwood R. Pool, Alfred B. Price, George Hill, Henry Gleason, H. M. Budlong, Fredgrick G. Gedney, John H. Wood, Joseph Uilman, William Scott, Cephas Brainerd, James S. Lehmuler, William I. Findley, Hyer S. Isnacs, Henry I. Sprague, Henry E. Trecuain, Jederson Clark, James A. Blanchard, Eusene D. Hawkins, Geotze B. Morris, De Witt J. Scha-man, together with the president of the club, James W.

BOOSTING THE ARTHUR BOOM AT A BAD TIME.

ADVISING THE "BUSINESS MEN" TO LOOK AFTER THEIR BUSINESS.

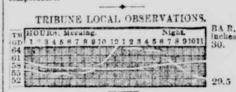
From The Poughkeepsie Eagle.
In view of the very recent developments of the In view of the very recent developments of the methods in vogue among those who "manage and control the great outsiness interests" which courte in New-York we respectfully submit that this toost comes at a bid time. That peculiar type of which on and judgment which manages and controls the aforesaid "great business interests" is not commending itself to the approval of the country lust now. The men who have succeeded in planging the finances of the methodolis nic general confusion, and bringing upon themselves and their fellow citizens widespread disaster, are not exactly the ones to whom the people want to commit the "management and control" of the Republican party. The plain, commensens yoters of the "management and control" of the Republican party. The plan, common-sense voters of the "trural districts," who not only furtish the Republican votes, but who have usinds of their own as well, will be very upt to think they can select the candidate they want without dictation from Wall Street, until Wall Street shows a little more ability to take care of itself. And to the meantime it those wao have staned this call can be induced to used their own business—we do not say it offensively or metaphorically, but literally and directly—li they can be induced to mind their own business a little better, and leave other things alone, "the prospecity of the whole country" will be likely to be much better promoted than it is now.

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, May 16 .- For New-England, partly cloudy weather and local rains, southwest to north. west winds, higher barometer, slight fall in temperature For the Middle Atlantic States, fair weather, except in extreme northern portion partly cloudy weather and local rains, southwesterly winds, higher barometer, stationary

For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, fair weather, northerly winds becoming variable, lower barometer, higher temperature in the Ohio Valley, stationary tem-For the Lower Lake Region, partly cloudy weather with light local showers, winds becoming variable, higher



The diagram shows the harometrical radiations in this city by tention of inches. The perpendicular lines give divisions of time for the 25 hours preceding untilinght. The irregular white line represents the coefficient by the marrowry during those hours. The broken or desired line represents the variations in temperature, as indicated by the thermometer at the unit's Fharmacy, 118 Broadway.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, May 17-1 a. m .- The movement th the barometer was downward during the storm yester day. Lightrain, which measured .01 of an inch, was followed by clear and fair weather. The temperature lowed by dear and 64°, the average (58°2°) being to higher than on the corresponding day last year and 4°3° lower than on Thursday.

Clear and fair weather, with shight changes in temperature may be expected to-day in this city and vicinity.

## RACING ON HEMPSTEAD PLAINS.

The Meadow Brook Hunt Club will have their nnual race meeting on Hempstead Heath to-day. The programme is full of interest. The race for pole ponts s three furiongs in length. Nebraska, the clever anima of J. D. Cheever, will carry five pounds penalty for the Rockaway Victory. The second flat race is for thorough-breds the property of members of the Hunt, and has four entries, N. G. Lorillard's Gypsey, Eleniou Stable's Ada-mantus, Stanley Mortimer's Trombone and E. D. Morgan's Barrett. Of the steepischases public interest will centre in the Great Hempstead Heath Handleap. There were originally twenty-two entries, but eight declared out be-fore May 3, Galh broke his neek at Washington, and it is donbtful if more than eight will face the flace. The prob-able starters are Dawes's Rose, P. S. Colhar's Woodcock, Stanley Mortimer's Hobson's Choles, E. D. Morgan's Boomer, L. Hunt's Buckeye, Essex County Hunt's sie spanse, J. D. Cheever's Barometer and S. S. Sand's Tum Naven. Rose, the Canadian mare, is a strong favorite. Rockaway Victory. The second flat race is for thorough-

## THE CINCINNATI AT DINNER.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 15 .- The Society of the Cinemust, which met here in the University Hotel yesterday, remained in session to-day. The following officers were chosen for three years : President, Hamilton Fish, of New-York; vice-president, Dr. William A. Irving, of Pennsylvania; secretary, Judge Advocate Asa Erd Gardner; assistant secretary, Major Richard Manning, of Pennsylvania; treasurer, John Scuyler, of New-York; assistant treasurer, Dr. Herman Bergen, of New-Jersey-At 6:30 p. m. two hundred delegates and invited guests sat down to dinner. Ninety-seven years agout precisely the

Judiciously alleviate Throat and Lung Affec-

Who Are They?

While there is no doubt that frequently disinfecting the waste pipes with Platt's Chlorides does prevent disease in the family, yet, as we notice there are still many cases of Scarlet Pover, Diphtheria and other Zymotic diseases in the city, it is painfully evident there are some housekeepers so careless that even this efficient and odorless disinfectant is not used by them.

Casteria for Babics.

Castoria for Children.

Coignte & Co.'s Cashmere Bouquet Tollet Sanp.—The poveity and exceptional strength of its perfume are the peculiar fascinations of this luxurious article. MARRIED.

MARKIED.

INGRAHAM-LEVERICH-On Wednesday, May 14, 1384, at the Church of the Pilgrims. Brooklyn, by the Rev. D. N. Vandeveer, assisted by the Rev. Dr. R. S. Storra. Fred. Ingrabam to Gertrude Julia, daughter of the late Richard B. Leverich, esq.

ROGERS-SILLIMAN-May 14, at the house of the bride's father, in New-Havon, by Professor Geo. P. Fisher, D. D., LL. D., William Arthur Rogers, of Cincinnati, Ohio, to Eleanor Root Stilliman, youngest daughter of Professor B. Silliman, of Yale College.

All notices of marriages must be indured with full name and address.

DIED. BURRITT—On Thursday, May 15, 1834, of congestion of the brain, George Henry Burritt, in the 52d year of bia age. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, corner Clinico and Montague sts., Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 17, at 1:39 p. m.

CHICHESTER—On Wednesday, 14th inst., William F. Chi-chester, in the 734 year of his age.
Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of his son-in-law A. V. McCotter, Dunellen, N. J., on Saturday, 17th inst., at 2:30 p. m.
Train leaves foot of Liberty-st. at 1 o'clock.

FLAGG—At Vonkers, on the 15th inst., L. W. Flagg, M. D., aged 67 years.

Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, on Monday, the 19th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m.
Carriages will be at the Yonkers Depot on the arrival of the 2 and halr-past 2 o'clock train from 424-st.

PORTER—At Montelatz, N. J., Friday morning, May 18.

PORTER—At Montelatr, N. J., Friday morning, May 18, suddenly, of pneumonia, Mary Treadwell, widow of the late Samuel M. Porter, of New York, and dampher of John G. Treadwell, in the said year of ber age.

Funeral services at her late residence, in Montelair, Monday, May It, on the arrival of the 2:10 p. m. train. D. L. and W. R. R., from New York.

At its, from New-York. Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of the train. Interment Tuesday, May 20, at Waterbury, Cona. Friends will kindly omit flowers. SETON-On Priday afternoon, May 16, Serena, daughter of the late James Seton. Relatives are respectfully in sites

SETON—On Friday afternoen, May 16. Serena, daughter of the late James Seton. Relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at her late residence, No. 75 th. ave. on Monday morning, 19th inst., at 10 victor. SMYTHE—On Wednesday morning, May 14, 1884, at the residence of his son-in-law W. P. Jaffray, No. 45 East Tul. at. Henry A. Smythe, in the 68th year of his age. Relatives and friends are navited to attend his funeral, without forther notice, on Saturday morning, 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, from the Church of the Ascension, 5th ave. and 10th at 10t it is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

STILES—May 12, at her late residence, near Deckertown, N. J., Eveline Howell, willow of Edward A. Stiles, aged 73 Years. YILAIN-At Mount Vernon, May 11, George, eldest son of

WARD-At Morristown, N. J., on Wednesday evening, Mag 14. Elizabeth Starr, wife of L. B. Ward, formerly of this city.
Funeral from her late residence, at Morr stown, on Satunday,
May 17, at 14 o'clock.
Train leaves Barklay and Christopher at, ferries at 10:10 a, m.

### Special Notices.

The Senside Library. A.— The Sexalde Library.

Out to-day in clear, bold, hand some type
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NEW YORK, May 11, 13-84.

NEW-YORK, May 14, 1844. Messra. H. B. CLAFLIN & CO., B. B. CLAFLIN & CO., LEWIS BROTHERS & CO., F. D. TAPPEN, SALE SLOAN, B. G. CLARKE, DAVID DOWS,

GENTLEMEN: We heartly join in your approval of PRESIDENT AR-THUR'S administration and the wist for his no annation. In compliance with your request we have arranged for a PUBLIC MESTING on FUESDAY, the 20th day of May, at 5 p.m. at the COOPER INSTITUTE.

JOHN A. STEWART, J. D. VERMILYE ELIUS N. BLISS, B. H. BRISTOW CORNELIUS B. AGNEW.

OF THE NUMINATION OF CHESTER A. ARTHUR FOR PRESIDENT
WILL BE HELD AT COOPER UNION
TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 20, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

MASS-MEETING OF CITIZENS IN FAVOR

MR. F. S. WINSTON WILL PRESIDE.

ADDRESSES WILL BE DELIVERED BY HENRY WARD BEECHER, W. A. GELLATLY, ED. H. AMMIDOWN, RON, B. H. BRISTOW, ED. H. AMMIDOWN, J. H. HERRICK. PARKE GODWIN. HON EDWARDS PIERREPONT, AND OTHERS.

C. N. BLISS, JESSE SELIGMAN, CHAS. G. LANDON. C. R. AGNEW. LE G. B. CANNON, J. D. VERMILYE, F. D. TAPPEN. HORACE RUSSELL, H. C. D. BORDEN, LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, Committee of Arrangements.

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Past Office Notice Letters for Europe tood not be specially directed for dis-patch by any particular steamer in order to secure special ob-iner; at destination as it transatiantly main are forwarded by the fastive vessels available. Fureign mains for the week enemy, May 17, will cross at this disc as indicas.

Foreign main for the week ending May 17, will close at this office a sublishes.

SATURDAY - At 7 2 m for Entrope per s. 8. City of Rome, via Queentoom Quetters for Germanty, etc. must be directed "per City of Rome", at 7 a. m for Europe, see a city of Berlin, ria queentoown better must be directed "per City of Rordin "tal 200 a m for Septiand direct per s. Decosta, via Grasgow, at each 20 a m, for Belgrein direct, per s. become via Grasgow, at each 20 a m, for Belgrein direct, per s. Premiand, via Antwerp, at 11 a m for Europe per s. S. other, via Southampston and Bremen, at 1,50 p.m for Cuba and the West ludges, per s. New yeart, via Havana.

SUNDAY - At the via New Archivests.

SUNDAY - At the via New Archivests.

Mails for Gins and Japan, ber a. S. Occasio via San Francisco Cose there was vial, at 6 n. m. Mails for Anstrain via San Francisco, close there was vial, at 6 n. m. Mails for Anstrain via San Francisco, close there was vial, at 6 n. m. occasion of the contraction, and on arrival at New York of a. s. City of Charles with British mails for Australia.